

Mid-Semester Exam : PROBABILITY II

Instructor : Yogeshwaran D.

Date : February 25th , 2020.

Max. points : 10.

Time Limit : 1.5 hours.

Answer any two questions only. All questions carry 5 points.

Give necessary justifications and explanations for all your arguments. If you are citing results from the class mention it clearly. Always define the underlying events, random variables, pdfs et al. clearly before computing anything !

1. Let X_1, \dots, X_n be i.i.d. Exponential (λ) random variables for some $\lambda > 0$. Let $X_{(1)} < \dots < X_{(n)}$ be the corresponding order statistics. Define the *range* $R := X_{(n)} - X_{(1)}$ and *mid-range* $M := \frac{X_{(n)} + X_{(1)}}{2}$. Find the joint pdf of (R, M) .

2. Let U_1, U_2 be i.i.d. $U(0, 1)$ random variables. Define

$$X_1 = \sqrt{-2 \log U_1} \cos(2\pi U_2), \quad X_2 = \sqrt{-2 \log U_1} \sin(2\pi U_2).$$

Find the joint pdf of (X_1, X_2) .

3. Let X, X_1, \dots, X_n be i.i.d. standard Normal random variables. Define $Y := \sqrt{[\sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2]/n}$ and $T = X/Y$. Find the joint pdf of (Y, T) and the marginal pdf of T .

PDFs :

- *Exponential (λ) distribution* : $f(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}, x > 0$.
- *Uniform (0, 1) distribution* : $f(x) = \mathbf{1}[0 < x < 1]$.
- *Standard Normal distribution* : $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp(-\frac{x^2}{2}), x \in \mathbb{R}$.